WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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- 1. A method of quantifying the amount of a target nucleic acid of less than about 30 nt in length in a sample, said method comprising:
- a) contacting said sample with at least two ligation domains that are complementary to different domains of said target nucleic to produce a reaction mixture;
 - b) ligating any resultant annealed ligation domains of any resultant ligation oligonucleotide/target nucleic acid complexes in said reaction mixture to produce a pseudotarget nucleic acid; and
 - c) determining the presence of any pseudotarget nucleic acids in
 said reaction mixture to quantify the amount of said target nucleic acid in said sample.
- 15 2. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said target nucleic acid is a ribonucleic acid.
 - 3. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said target nucleic acid does not exceed about 25 nt in length.
 - 4. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said target nucleic acid is single-stranded.
- 5. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said target nucleic acid is an siRNA molecule.
 - 6. The method according to Claim 5, wherein said siRNA molecule is a shRNA molecule.
- The method according to Claim 1, wherein said ligation domains are present on separate oligonucleotides.

- 8. The method according to Claim 7, wherein said ligation domains are present on a Combined Oligo.
- 9. The method according to Claim 8, wherein said Combined Oligo is a
 5 linear deoxyribonucleic acid comprising terminal ligation domains.
 - 10. The method according to Claim 10, wherein said determining does not comprise amplifying said pseudotarget nucleic acid.
- 10 11. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said determining comprises amplifying said pseudotarget nucleic acid.
 - 12. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said amplifying is by one of PCR, isothermal amplification, rolling circle amplification and branched DNA.
 - 13. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said quantifying is relative.
 - 14. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said quantifying is absolute.
- 20 15. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said ligating occurs at a temperature ranging from about 20 to about 45°C.

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- 16. The method according to Claim 15, wherein said ligating occurs at a temperature ranging from about 37 to about 42 °C.
- 17. The method according to Claim 1, wherein said target nucleic acid is a peptide nucleic acid, locked nucleic acid, methylated nucleic acid, nucleic acid conjugate, thio-nucleic acid or morpholino nucleic acid.
- 18. A method of quantifying an siRNA in a sample, said method comprising:
 a) contacting said sample with at least two ligation deoxyribooligonucleotides that are complementary to different adjacent domains of
 said siRNA to produce a reaction mixture;

- b) ligating any annealed ligation deoxyribo-oligonucleotides of any resultant ligation deoxyribooligonucleotide/siRNA complexes in said reaction mixture to produce a pseudotarget nucleic acid;
- c) amplifying any pseudotarget nucleic acids in said reaction mixture
 PCR; and
 - d) detecting any resultant PCR amplified product to quantitate said siRNA in said sample.
- 19. The method according to Claim 18, wherein said siRNA is single-10 stranded.
 - 20. The method according to Claim 18, wherein said siRNA is double-stranded.
- 15 21. The method according to Claim 20, wherein said double-stranded siRNA is a short hairpin RNA.
 - 22. The method according to Claim 18, wherein said quantitating is relative.
- 20 23. The method according to Claim 18, wherein said quantitating is absolute.
 - 24. A system for detecting the presence of a target nucleic acid in a sample, said system comprising:
- a) at least two ligation domains complementary to different regions of said target nucleic acid;
 - b) a ligase; and

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by

- c) pseudotarget detection reagents.
- 30 25. The system according to Claim 24, wherein said pseudotarget detection reagents comprise PCR primers.

- 26. The system according to Claim 25, wherein said system further comprises one or more additional PCR reagents.
- 27. A kit for detecting the presence of a target nucleic acid in a sample, said system comprising:
 - a) at least two ligation domains complementary to different regions of said target nucleic acid; and
 - b) instructions for using said at least two ligation oligonucleotides to practice a method according to Claim 1.
- 28. The kit according to Claim 27, said kit further comprising a ligase.

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- 29. The kit according to Claim 27, said kit further comprising pseudotarget detection reagents.
- 30. The kit according to Claim 29, wherein said pseudotarget detection reagents comprise PCR primers.
- 31. The kit according to Claim 30, wherein said system further comprises20 one or more additional PCR reagents.